Changes for the Better ZJ-2070A

MITSUBISHI

Powder Clutch, Brake
MODEL
ZA-A Powder Clutch
ZA-Y Powder Brake

Instruction Manual

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- Read through this manual, and use the unit correctly.

 Make sure to understand "Cautions on safety" completely.
- Store this manual carefully, and make sure to send it to the end user.

Cautions on Safety

(Make sure to read this page before using the unit.)

Please read through this instruction manual and other technical data, and handle the unit correctly while paying rigid attention to safety.

In this manual, the level of safety precautions are classified into "DANGER" and "CAUTION".

♦ DANGER

: Erroneous handling may cause a dangerous situation in which the possibility of death or serious injury is expected.

⚠ CAUTION

: Erroneous handling may cause a dangerous situation in which the possibility of not so serious or slight injury is expected or occurrence of material damages exclusively is expected.

In case of trouble, in spite of our best efforts in quality control, it may be assumed to cause continuous running state due to failure of the clutch and the brake, and hence it is advised to pay sufficient consideration to safety measures at the machine side.

Store this manual carefully so that it can be referred to when required, and make sure to send it to the end user.

< DANGER

Use protective cover.



The rotating elements are exposed outside, and the hand or part of body may be injured if touching the product. Install a protective cover, allowing smooth ventilation, so that part of the body may not be in contact with the machine. It is also recommended to provide with a safety mechanism to stop the rotating elements immediately when the cover is opened.

<!> DANGER

Never use the unit in an atmosphere in which inflammation or explosion is expected.



While slipping, a spark may be ignited on the internal working surface. Never use in a flammable or explosive atmosphere with oil or grease. Use pressure-proof and explosion-proof type. Enclose the main body when using near flammable material such as cotton. When enclosed, however, it must be noted that the allowable heat dissipation is lowered.

DANGER

Keep the product away from water, oil, and grease.



Not only the working surface but also the product main body should be protected from water, oil, and grease. If water, oil, or grease is on the main body, it may flow to the working surface and may remarkably lower the torque. As a result, the machine may not stop at the specified point due to inertial run, or may run at an abnormal speed. Such abnormal operation of the machine may cause injury.

⚠ CAUTION

Check the environments.

Never use in a place exposed to dust, high temperature, dew condensation, or rain and wind. Don't install directly in a place exposed to vibration or impact. Or it may lead to damage or malfunction of the product or deterioration of performance.

CAUTION

• Mitsubishi Electric is not responsible for any damage or trouble caused by repair, disassembly or modification of the product by any third party other than Mitsubishi or specified agent.

For repair or disassembly services, therefore, please call the service network of Mitsubishi.

It must be noted that the specification mentioned in the cautions, instruction manual or technical data is subject to change without notice.

1. Cautions before use

⚠ CAUTION	Never suspend the product by holding the leadwire.
	Or the lead wire may be broken and the product may drop to cause injury. Hold the product itself when attaching or detaching.
⚠ CAUTION	If the product is not used for a long time, store the clutch at a non-humid place, or take measures to protect the clutch from moisture.
	If the inside of the product is moistened, the product may be corroded and operation may not be possible, or the performance may be deteriorated.

- (1) The powder is contained inside, and hence never give impact or incline the product.
- (2) Don't leave the product in a damp place.
- (3) Don't pull or tear the lead wire, and handle with care.

2. Structure and principle of operation

- The clutch structure is shown in Fig. 1. The drive member linked to the input side and the driven member linked to the output side are disposed concentrically across a powder gap.
- The powder gap is filled with powder (magnetic iron powder), and the coil for passing a magnetic flux to the powder is built in the stator, and it is designed to feed direct current from outside through the lead wire.
- The brake has the driven member and exciting coil unit integrated into one body as shown in Fig.2.
- While the drive member is rotating, when a current flows in the coil, a magnetic flux is generated as indicated by broken line in the drawing, and the powder is linked like a chain along the magnetic flux, and its coupling force the driven member is driven, and the torque is transmitted to the output side.
- When the exciting current is cut off, the magnetic flux disappears, and the coupling force of the powder is eliminated, thereby cutting of transmission of powder to the driven member.

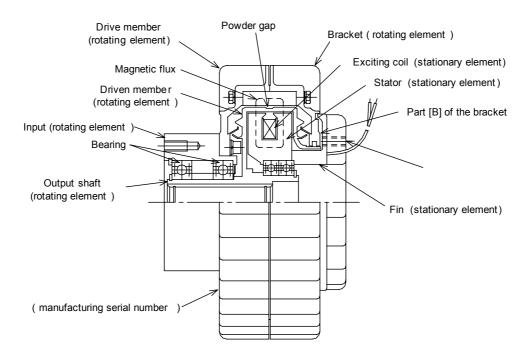


Fig. 1 Structural diagrams of ZA-A powder clutches (representative examples)

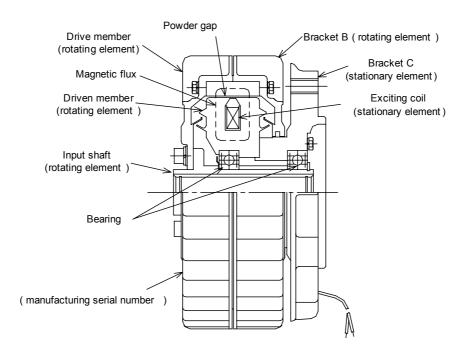


Fig. 2 Structural diagrams of ZA-Y powder brakes (representative examples)

3. Assembling of clutch, brake

DANGER

Turn off the power, and make sure rotating elements are stopped.



Never work while rotating, or it may cause electric shock or injury. When mounting, dismounting, or adjusting, turn off the power source, and make sure the rotating elements are stopped still. At this time, be careful not to have fingers or hand pinched.

DANGER

Tighten bolts to specified torque, and lock securely.

Depending on the degree of tightening, the bolts may be broken to cause injury. Using specified bolt material, tighten bolts to specified torque, and lock securely with adhesive, spring washer or the like as specified. Besides, since the parts composing the product rotate relatively to each other, the tightened parts must be fixed securely for the safety of operation.

The bolt strength and tightening torque are designated in the specification.

<!> DANGER

Connect lead wires securely.



Otherwise it may lead to an electric shock.

Connect securely, both electrically and mechanically, and insulate appropriately.

DANGER

Be sure to connect a surge absorber parallel to the exciting coil to cut off the direct current.

Cutting off the current may cause a large surge voltage, and the surge voltage may deteriorate the peripheral units.

For this reason, be sure to use a surge absorber, such as a diode, varistor, and protective resister.

DANGER

Use wire size suited to current capacity.



If wire of smaller current capacity is used, the insulating coating may melt down to cause insulation failure, possibly leading to electric shock, current leak, or fire. The specified current of the product is designated in the specification.

⚠ CAUTION

Mount, dismount, and transport with greatest care.

Carrying of a heavy product may cause lumbago or injury by dropping.

Be careful sufficiently when mounting, dismounting, or transporting.

In particular, handle the product provided with eyebolts by using a hoist or the like.

(Note) The hoist operation by using the eyebolts should be done by a qualified operator.

- (1) In assembling work, don't attempt to put in by force.
 - When inserting the output shaft to the machime, in particular, hold the shaft of the driven member.
- (2) Use the powder clutch in the regular installation status in which the high-speed rotation side is located as the input side. (The nameplate indicates the input side and output side with arrows.) Install both the clutch and brake so that the shafts become horizontal.
- (3) For coupling with the load shaft, use an elastic coupling.
- (4) For pulley coupling, pay attention to the belt tension, and never apply initial tension more than necessary.
- (5) Use screw 1 of the fin side of the clutch, and lock the stator without applying excessive force. Complete fixing may break the bearing or other parts. The effective dimension of this screw is shown in Fig.1, but if longer than necessary, it must be noted that it may interfere with part B of the bracket.
- (6) The voltage polarity is not specified.

4. Operation

♦ DANGER

Never touch the product during operation.



The rotating elements are exposed outside, and the hand or part of body may be injured if touching the product. Install a protective cover, allowing smooth ventilation, so that the hand or fingers may not be in contact with the machine during operation, and also a safety mechanism to stop the rotating elements immediately when the cover is opened.

A CAUTION

Remove eye-bolts after assembly (ZA-20Y or more)

Eye-bolts are projecting, and may contact safety cover or the like to cause breakage or injury. Remove right after assembling, and then start operation.

- If a shock is applied to the clutch during transportation, powder may be scattered inside the clutch. For this reason, before starting regular operation, perform running-in while following the procedure below to collect powder into the powder gap, if necessary.
- In addition, if the powder is replaced, be sure to perform running-in.

(1)Running-in procedure

DANGER

Never increase the rotating speed more than allowable.

If the rotating speed is raised more than allowable, vibration increases to cause breakage and scattering of powder, and it is very dangerous. Rotate within allowable speed, and install protective cover.

- Fix the output shaft to prevent rotation. (If it is difficult to fix the shaft, apply a heavy load to prevent rotation of the output shaft.)
- After that, without flowing the exciting current, rotate the drive member at approximately 200 r/min for 1 minute, and then set the exciting current to 1/4 to 1/2 of the rated value. While rotating the drive member, flow the exciting current for 5 seconds, and then stop flowing the current for 10 seconds. Repeat this cycle approximately 10 times.

(2) End of running-in

- While the running-in is insufficient, the torque output may be low or the torque may fluctuate, but as the running-in becomes sufficient and the powder comes to work effectively, a stable torque corresponding to the exciting current is produced.
- After the running-in, start regular operation.
- Depending on the conditions of use, the drive member surface temperature may rise considerably. Use the product while keeping the surface temperature below 90°C. If the surface temperature exceeds 90°C, relax the operation conditions, and prevent overheat of the clutch.
- The above-described surface temperature is a reference value. Be sure to use the clutch within the allowable heat dissipation.
- (Herein, the surface temperature is mentioned on the basis of the ambient temperature of 30°C. The allowable ambient temperature range is 0 to 40°C.)

⚠ CAUTION

Use thermometer when measuring temperature.



Don't touch directly by hand to avoid burns. Turn off the power source, and make sure the rotating elements are stopped still, and measure with thermometer. Measure promptly.

5. Torque adjustment

♦ DANGER

Use within rated torque.

If used over the rated torque, not only the performance deteriorates, but also mechanical breakage or injury may be caused. Hence, use with rated torque. In particular, it must be noted that a torque over the rating may be cause even if used at the rated current, and therefore check the current-torque characteristic, and adjust the exciting current.

(In the course of use, the torque gradually declines, and therefore in manufacturing, a proper allowance is considered initially.)

- The relation of torque and exciting current is almost proportional as shown in Fig. 3, and therefore by adjusting the current, the torque can be easily adjusted.
- Set to a proper value in consideration of the finish of the product or working condition.

DANGER

Use within the allowable heat dissipation.



If used over allowable heat dissipation, the clutch may be extremely heated, and the working surface may be extremely hot and red. As a result, a fire may be caused. In addition, the performance may be deteriorated. Be sure to use within the allowable heat dissipation (refer to Fig. 4).

Fig.3 Exciting current v.s. torque characteristics (representative examples)

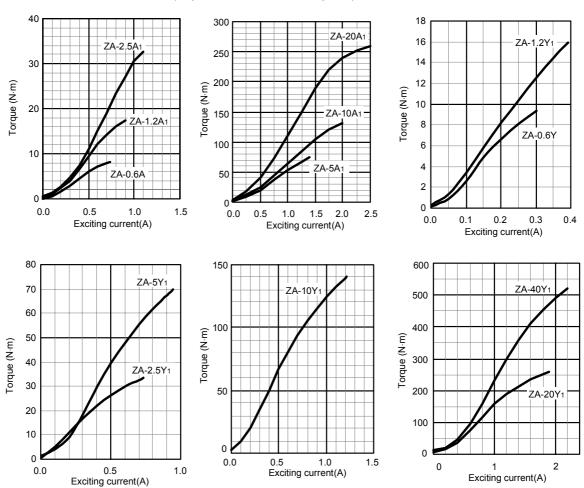
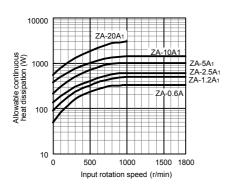
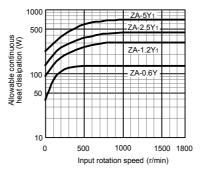
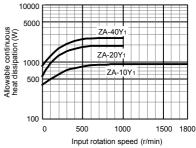


Fig.4 Allowable continuous heat dissipation characteristics







6. Maintenance

Check the following items.



Turn off the power, and make sure rotating elements are stopped.



Never work while rotating, or it may cause injury. When checking, turn off the power source, and make sure the rotating elements are stopped still. At this time, be careful not to have fingers or hand pinched.

- (1) When the powder is moist, the expected performance may not be exhibited.
 - Be careful not to admit water or oily material inside the clutch.
 - In particular, if used near the gear box, the oil may invade through the shaft, and therefore perfect oil sealing is advised.
- (2) Deterioration of torque (aged deterioration) depends on the conditions of use (slip rotational speed, heat dissipation). However, if the exciting current is increased, deterioration can be prevented to some extent.

If the specified torque cannot be obtained at the rated current, replace the powder.

To replace the powder, please contact our service network.

(3) Check the coupling mounting bolts and others for looseness.



When disposing of this product at the end of its service life, please follow local and national guidelines for the disposal of industrial products.

7. Troubleshooting

Trouble	Cause	Remedy				
Torque output is low.	Insufficient running-in.	• Run in again.				
 Torque is not generated by passing exciting current. 	 Powder is moistened by water or oil. 	Change powder.				
	Deterioration of powder.					
 Torque is generated without passing current. 	Defective bearing.	Replace bearing.				
Torque fluctuates on every rotation.	 Deterioration or sintering of powder. 	Change powder.				
Surface temperature exceeds 90°C (spontaneous cooling)	Overload.	Relax the conditions of use.				
Surface temperature ex- ceeds 70°C (forced air cooling)	Overload. Insufficient air flow rate.	Relax the conditions of use. Increase air flow rate.				

⚠ CAUTION

Use thermometer when measuring temperature.



Don't touch directly by hand to avoid burns. Turn off the power source, and make sure the rotating elements are stopped still, and measure with thermometer. Measure promptly.

Rated voltage: DC24V

In the event of a serious trouble or when replacing parts, call our agent, service center, or sales office, by specifying the manufacturing serial number together with the type name of the clutch.

For repair or disassembly services, please call our designated service network.

Mitsubishi Electric is not responsible for any damage or trouble caused by repair, disassembly or modification of the product by any third party other than Mitsubishi or specified agent.

8. Specification

ZA -0.6A	ZA-1.2A	1 ZA-2.	5 A 1	ZA	-5 A 1	ZA	-10A1	Z	A-20A1	
6	12	25		50		100		200		
0.74	0.9	1.	1.1		1.4		2		2.5	
32.4	27.6	22.	22.4		17		12		9.6	
10 M Ω or more by DC 500 V megger, at ordinary temperature and humidity										
14 25		39	39		60		117		255	
2.7	4.5	6.8	6.8		11		20		41	
6905	6006 6906			6009 6909		6010			6014	
(Refer to fig. 4)										
Strength division II column 7T or equivalent of JIS B 1051 for mechanical properties of bolts and machine screws.										
6.5 ~10 8.5 ~13 20 ~32				39	39 ~65					
	1800 100							1000		
ZA -0.6Y	ZA -1.2Y1	ZA -2.5Y1	ZA	-5Y1	ZA -1	0Y1	ZA -20)Y1	ZA -40Y	
6	12	25	50		100		200		400	
0.30	0.39	0.73	0.94		1.21		1.90		2.20	
80.0	60.9	33.0	25.6		19.	19.8 12.7		,	11.0	
Coil insulation resistance $10 \text{ M}\Omega$ or more by DC 500 V megger, at ordinary temperature and humic						humidity				
15	25	39	60		105		235		520	
2.4	5.0	7.4	11.0		21.5		39.5		64.0	
6004	6006	6006	6009		6010		6014		6014	
Refer to fig. 4										
Drive member tightening bolt strength Strength division II column 7T or equivalent of JIS B 1051 for mech properties of bolts and machine screws.						nanical				
	6 0.74 32.4 $10 \text{ M}\Omega \text{ or}$ 14 2.7 6905 Strength of properties $6.5 \sim 10$ ZA -0.6Y 6 0.30 80.0 $10 \text{ M}\Omega \text{ or}$ 15 2.4 6004 Strength of	6 12 0.74 0.9 32.4 27.6 10 MΩ or more by DΩ 14 25 2.7 4.5 6905 6006 Strength division II coproperties of bolts and 6.5 ~10 8 ZA -0.6Y ZA -1.2Y1 6 12 0.30 0.39 80.0 60.9 10 MΩ or more by DΩ 15 25 2.4 5.0 6004 6006	6 12 25 0.74 0.9 1.7 32.4 27.6 22. 10 MΩ or more by DC 500 V med 14 25 39 2.7 4.5 6.8 6905 6006 6906 (Final Strength division II column 7T or properties of bolts and machine section 6.5 ~10 8.5 ~13 ZA -0.6Y ZA -1.2Y1 ZA -2.5Y1 6 12 25 0.30 0.39 0.73 80.0 60.9 33.0 10 MΩ or more by DC 500 V med 15 25 39 2.4 5.0 7.4 6004 6006 6006 Strength division II column 7T or properties of bolts and machine section 6.5 ~10 8.5 ~13	6 12 25 0.74 0.9 1.1 32.4 27.6 22.4 10 MΩ or more by DC 500 V megger, 14 25 39 2.7 4.5 6.8 6905 6006 6906 6907 (Refer to strength division II column 7T or equivalent properties of bolts and machine screw 6.5 ~10 8.5 ~13 ZA -0.6Y ZA -1.2Y1 ZA -2.5Y1 ZA 6 12 25 5 0.30 0.39 0.73 0.8 80.0 60.9 33.0 28 10 MΩ or more by DC 500 V megger, 15 25 39 66 2.4 5.0 7.4 12 6004 6006 6006 6006 Refer to strength division II column 7T or equivalent properties of bolts and machine screw 6.5 ~10 8.5 ~13	6 12 25 5 0.74 0.9 1.1 1 32.4 27.6 22.4 1 10 MΩ or more by DC 500 V megger, at ord 14 25 39 6 2.7 4.5 6.8 1 6905 6006 6006 6006 600 (Refer to fig. Strength division II column 7T or equivalent properties of bolts and machine screws. 6.5 ~10 8.5 ~13 20 2A -0.6Y ZA -1.2Y1 ZA -2.5Y1 ZA -5Y1 6 12 25 50 0.30 0.39 0.73 0.94 80.0 60.9 33.0 25.6 10 MΩ or more by DC 500 V megger, at ord 15 25 39 60 2.4 5.0 7.4 11.0 6004 6006 6006 6009 Refer to fig.	6 12 25 50 0.74 0.9 1.1 1.4 32.4 27.6 22.4 17 10 MΩ or more by DC 500 V megger, at ordinary to 14 25 39 60 2.7 4.5 6.8 11 6905 6006 6006 6009 6909 (Refer to fig. 4) Strength division II column 7T or equivalent of JIS properties of bolts and machine screws. 6.5 ~10 8.5 ~13 20 ~32 1800 ZA -0.6Y ZA -1.2Y1 ZA -2.5Y1 ZA -5Y1 ZA -1 6 12 25 50 10 0.30 0.39 0.73 0.94 1.2 80.0 60.9 33.0 25.6 19 10 MΩ or more by DC 500 V megger, at ordinary 15 25 39 60 10 2.4 5.0 7.4 11.0 21 6004 6006 6006 6009 600 Refer to fig. 4 Strength division II column 7T or equivalent of JIS	6 12 25 50 10 0.74 0.9 1.1 1.4 32.4 27.6 22.4 17 10 MΩ or more by DC 500 V megger, at ordinary tempor 14 25 39 60 10 2.7 4.5 6.8 11 6905 6006 6906 6907 6909 6 (Refer to fig. 4) Strength division II column 7T or equivalent of JIS B 10 properties of bolts and machine screws. 6.5 ~10 8.5 ~13 20 ~32 1800 ZA -0.6Y ZA -1.2Y1 ZA -2.5Y1 ZA -5Y1 ZA -10Y1 6 12 25 50 100 0.30 0.39 0.73 0.94 1.21 80.0 60.9 33.0 25.6 19.8 10 MΩ or more by DC 500 V megger, at ordinary tempor 15 25 39 60 105 2.4 5.0 7.4 11.0 21.5 6004 6006 6006 6009 6010 Refer to fig. 4 Strength division II column 7T or equivalent of JIS B 10 properties of fig. 4	6 12 25 50 100 0.74 0.9 1.1 1.4 2 32.4 27.6 22.4 17 12 10 MΩ or more by DC 500 V megger, at ordinary temperature 14 25 39 60 117 2.7 4.5 6.8 11 20 6905 6906 6906 6907 6909 6010 (Refer to fig. 4) Strength division II column 7T or equivalent of JIS B 1051 for no properties of bolts and machine screws. 6.5 ~10 8.5 ~13 20 ~32 39 1800 ZA -0.6Y ZA -1.2Y1 ZA -2.5Y1 ZA -5Y1 ZA -10Y1 ZA -20 6 12 25 50 100 200 0.30 0.39 0.73 0.94 1.21 1.90 80.0 60.9 33.0 25.6 19.8 12.7 10 MΩ or more by DC 500 V megger, at ordinary temperature 15 25 39 60 105 235 2.4 5.0 7.4 11.0 21.5 39.5 6004 6006 6006 6009 6010 6014 Refer to fig. 4	6 12 25 50 100 0.74 0.9 1.1 1.4 2 32.4 27.6 22.4 17 12 10 MΩ or more by DC 500 V megger, at ordinary temperature and 14 25 39 60 117 2.7 4.5 6.8 11 20 6905 6006 6906 6907 6909 6010 (Refer to fig. 4) Strength division II column 7T or equivalent of JIS B 1051 for mech properties of bolts and machine screws. 6.5 ~10 8.5 ~13 20 ~32 39 ~65 1800 ZA -0.6Y ZA -1.2Y1 ZA -2.5Y1 ZA -5Y1 ZA -10Y1 ZA -20Y1 6 12 25 50 100 200 0.30 0.39 0.73 0.94 1.21 1.90 80.0 60.9 33.0 25.6 19.8 12.7 10 MΩ or more by DC 500 V megger, at ordinary temperature and 15 25 39 60 105 235 2.4 5.0 7.4 11.0 21.5 39.5 6004 6004 6006 6006 6009 6010 6014 Refer to fig. 4 Strength division II column 7T or equivalent of JIS B 1051 for mech	

(Notes) The bearing is a special product manufactured in consideration of heat resistance and others for making the best of the powder clutch characteristic.

1800

39 ~ 65

1000

8.5 ~13

4.6 ~7.7

9. Others

Tightening torque (N•m)

Allowable rotating speed (r/min)

- (1)In the product having a three-digit figure attached to the model name such as 001 in ZA-0.6A-001, the mounting dimensions, voltage and other conditions are special, and may differ from the description herein, but the basic operation and handling cautions are common.
- (2)The structural diagrams are representative examples, and may differ depending on the model and options including the specification. Inquire us for details.